CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A dual chamber fuel cell element, comprising:
 - a dual chamber fuel cell stack layer comprising anode, cathode and electrolyte materials deposited on one side of a substrate.
- 2. The element of claim 1 wherein one or more separated flow passageways are formed between the stack and the substrate.
- 3. The element of claim 1 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 50 μm .
- 4. The element of claim 1 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 20 μm .
- 5. The element of claim 1 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 1 μm .
- 6. The element of claim 1 further comprising current collectors.
- A dual chamber fuel cell element having a supported fuel cell stack comprising integrated flow passageways between the fuel cell stack and the support.
- 8. The element of claim 7 wherein the stack is comprised of an anode layer, an electrolyte layer and a cathode layer.
- 9. The element of claim 7 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 50 μm .
- 10. The element of claim 7 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 20 μm .

- 11. The element of claim 7 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 1 μm .
- 12. A dual chamber fuel cell element, comprising:
 - a fuel cell stack supported on one side of a substrate; and
 - a means for passing a separated fuel stream and an oxygen containing stream over the fuel cell stack on the same side of the substrate:
 - wherein the fuel stream and oxygen containing stream remain separated when exposed to the stack.
- 13. The element of claim 12 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 50 μm .
- 14. The element of claim 12 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 20 μm .
- 15. The element of claim 12 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 1 μm .
- 16. A fuel cell element, comprising:
 - a fuel cell stack supported on a substrate, the stack comprising successive layers of anode material, electrolyte material and cathode material; wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 50 µm.
- 17. The element of claim 16 wherein the stack is deposited on a single side of the substrate.
- 18. The element of claim 16 further comprising one or more integrated flow passageways between the stack and the substrate.
- 19. The element of claim 16 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 20 μm .

- 20. The element of claim 16 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 1 μm .
- 21. A fuel cell, comprising:

one or more fuel cell elements; and

a fuel cell housing;

wherein the fuel cell elements comprise a supported dual chamber fuel cell stack having integrated flow passageways between the fuel cell stack and the support.

- 22. The fuel cell of claim 21 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 50 μm .
- 23. The fuel cell of claim 21 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 20 μm .
- 24. The fuel cell of claim 21 wherein the stack comprises a thickness of equal to or less than 1 μm .
- 25. The fuel cell of claim 21 wherein the fuel cell elements are aligned within the fuel cell housing to allow the flow of a first gas stream within the flow passageways and a second gas stream over the fuel cell stack.
- 26. The fuel cell of claim 25 wherein the first gas stream comprises a fuel.
- 27. The fuel cell of claim 25 wherein the second gas stream comprises an oxygen containing gas.
- 28. The fuel cell of claim 25 wherein the first gas stream comprises an oxygen containing gas.
- 29. The fuel cell of claim 25 wherein the second gas stream comprises a fuel.

- 30. A method for forming a dual chamber fuel cell element, comprising: depositing a fuel cell stack onto a sacrificial material supported by a substrate:
 - removing the sacrificial layer to form one or more flow passageways between the fuel cell stack and substrate.
- 31. The method of claim 30 wherein the sacrificial material comprises a material selected from the group consisting of aluminum, aluminum alloys, titanium, titanium alloys, silicon, silicon alloys, di-electric compounds, polymers, photoresist, PMMA, epoxies and silicon dioxide.
- 32. The method of claim 30 wherein the sacrificial material is removed using a wet etching technique.
- 33. The method of claim 32 wherein the etching material comprises a material selected from the group consisting of TMAH, acetone, acids and bases.
- 34. The method of claim 30 wherein the sacrificial material is removed using a dry etching technique.
- 35. The method of claim 30 wherein the stack is comprised of successive layers of anode, electrolyte and cathode materials.
- 36. A method for manufacturing a dual chamber fuel cell element, comprising:
 - (a) depositing a current collector material on a substrate;
 - (b) patterning a sacrificial material on the current collector material;
 - (c) depositing a fuel cell stack over the exposed current collector material and sacrificial material;
 - (d) patterning additional current collector material on at least a portion of the fuel cell stack;
 - (e) exposing the sacrificial material; and
 - (f) removing the sacrificial material.

- 37. A method preparing a fuel cell element, comprising: depositing anode material, electrolyte material and cathode material on a support to form a fuel cell stack; and a step for creating flow passageways between the stack and support.
- 38. The method of claim 37 wherein the flow passageways are above the surface of the support.
- 39. The method of claim 37 wherein the flow passageways are along the surface of the support.